Sci. and Cult. 89 (9-10): 372-376 (2023)

IMPACT OF INDUSTRY INDUCED DISPLACEMENT ON LIVELIHOOD OF DISPLACED TRIBAL HOUSEHOLD- A CASE STUDY OF TATA STEEL, KALINGANAGAR, ODISHA

POONAM DAS AND MINATI SAHOO

Industrialization is the period of social and economic change that transform a human group from an agrarian to industrial one. The main objective of this paper is to analyse the impact of industry-induced displacement on livelihood of tribaldisplaced households. This paper gives an idea how tribal peoples livelihood changes after setup of a steel plant. Development projects are considered as wheels of developing nation and Industrialization is engine of economic growth. Industrialization is an ongoing process of every developing economy. Odisha as a mineral rich state always attract big industrialist and corporate sector to setup their plants. Due to these industries a large scale of people getsdisplaced fromtheir homes and homeland. The study involves both qualitative and quantitative data. Primary data collected from 100 displaced household of TATA Steel Kalinganagar. Two resettlement colonies namely Sansailo and Gobarghati have selected for field survey. Micro soft excel is used to interprets the data. It is found that though these development projects are carefully planned and executed in a judicious manner in order to achieve faster economic growth, but large displacement caused by these big industries affects the lives and livelihood of the displaced people. Though they gain economically but there is always an uncertainty regarding the sustainability of new livelihood after displacement because for vulnerable old people loss of land is loss of their social and economical identity.