GYRASE INHIBITOR DRUG RESISTANT MUTANT IN AN OBLIGATE THERMOPHILIC ACTINOMYCETE

The bactericidal action of nalidixic acid on the wild type strain 1227 of an obligate thermophile Thermoactinomyces vulgaris Tsilinsky has been studied. A new, hitherto unreported, nalidixic acid resistant strain (nal^r) isolated, has exhibited auxotrophy for asparagines and lysine, with an increased resistance to UV rays as well as hyperosmotic shock, with maximum bactericidal concentration (MBC) 200µg ml⁻¹. Mutation in gyr A subunit probably cause double auxotrophy, alteration in membrane structure, as well as induction of SOS repair system in this thermophilic nal^r strain.

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