

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA AND KNIGHTHOOD FOR CHANDRA SEKHARA RAMAN

RAJINDER SINGH*

In 1930 C.V. Raman was awarded the Physics Nobel Prize for his work on light scattering and the discovery of the effect named after him. However, shortly before that he was knighted by the British Empire. The present paper explores the history of Raman's knighthood and reaction of the authorities of the Calcutta University, where Raman was working as "Palit Professor of Physics"
